AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS

The following listing of the claims replace all prior version of the claims presented in the application.

- 1. (Canceled)
- 2. (Currently amended) A method of producing antibodies An antibody production method comprising enhancing DNA homologous recombination at an antibody locus when producing antibodies from chicken-derived B cells in which DNA homologous recombination is occurring at the antibody locus, comprising relaxing with a histone deacetylase inhibitor the chromatin structure of chromosomes in chicken-derived B cells in which gene conversion is occurring at the antibody locus to enhance gene conversion in said chicken-derived B cells, and thereby obtaining said a diversity of antibodies.
- 3. (Withdrawn/Previously Presented) The method described in Claim 2, wherein the relaxation of the chromatin structure of chromosomes is induced by putting the cells into contact with the histone deacetylase inhibitor.
- 4. (Withdrawn) The method described in Claim 3, wherein the inhibitor is trichostatin A.
- 5. (Withdrawn/Previously Presented) The method described in Claim 4, wherein the concentration of trichostatin A is from approximately 0.5 ng/ml to approximately 5.0 ng/ml, and the contact time is from approximately 2 weeks to approximately 6 weeks.
- 6. (Withdrawn/Currently amended) The methods described in Claim [[1]] 2 wherein the cells are DT40 culture cells.
- 7. (Withdrawn/Currently amended) Immunocytes for which somatic homologous recombination has been promoted at a genetic locus by the method described in Claim 2 [[1]].
 - 8. (Withdrawn) Diverse antibodies produced by the method described in Claim 2.

- 9. (Withdrawn) The antibodies described in Claim 8, wherein the produced antibody is IgM.
- 10. (Withdrawn) A medicinal agent for the promotion of somatic homologous recombination at a genetic locus, and comprising a histone deacetylase inhibitor.
- 11. (Withdrawn) The medicinal agent described in Claim 10, wherein the inhibitor is trichostatin A.
 - 12. (Canceled)
- 13. (Previously presented) The method described in Claim 3, wherein the inhibitor is trichostatin A.
- 14. (Previously presented) The method described in Claim 13, wherein the concentration of trichostatin A is from approximately 0.5 ng/ml to approximately 5.0 ng/ml, and the contact time is from approximately 2 weeks to approximately 6 weeks.
- 15. (Previously presented) The methods described in Claim 2, wherein the cells are DT40 culture cells.
- 16. (Currently amended) A method for producing an antibody which can bind to a target antigen, comprising:
 - i) enhancing DNA homologous recombination gene conversion at an antibody locus in chicken-derived B cells in which cells DNA homologous recombination gene conversion is occurring at said antibody locus by relaxing with a histone deacetylase inhibitor the chromatin structure of chromosomes in said chicken-derived B cells, whereby diverse immunocytes are obtained;
 - ii) contacting said immunocytes with said target antigen;
 - iii) selecting an immunocyte producing an antibody which can bind to said target antigen; and
 - iv) culturing said immunocyte.